

THE EVENT OF THE SEASON

Sonnenfeld's GRAND MILLINERY OPENING!

Imported Pattern Hats, Bonnets and Millinery Novelties

WILL BE CONTINUED (TO-MORROW)

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 17,

At Their Magnificent Establishment, 815 to 821 N. Broadway.

We are pleased to inform our numerous patrons and friends that our display is the grandest ever shown in this city, our goods coming direct from PARIS, LONDON and VIENNA, being personally selected by our MR. H. SONNENFELD (now abroad), whose taste and judgment in this line has no superior. In conjunction with our imported goods we will display the most beautiful selections from Eastern markets, selected by our buyers while on their late Eastern visit, leaving no stone unturned to procure the best that genius, brains and money can produce.

On this occasion we shall present EVERY LADY VISITOR to our Millinery Department with the most BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR ever given away in this city.

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

SONNENFELD'S--815 to 821 North Broadway.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

RUGBY ACADEMY.

Olive St., bet. Cabanne and Vandeventer.
A high-grade preparatory school for boys.
Opens Monday, September 15.
Applicants received and examined September 8
to 10 at 2643 Washington av., after hours at academy.
DENHAM ARNOLD, Principal.

Miss Edgar's School

Will reopen Sept. 22. For further particulars in-
quire at the school, No. 8542 Washington av., after
Sept. 15.

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

UNDERGRADUATE DEPT.,
(COLLEGE AND POLYTECHNIC SCHOOLS)
Opens Thursday, September 18. Entrance Examination,
Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 17 and 18.
M. S. SNOW, Acting Chancellor.

SMITH ACADEMY.

Prepares Boys for any
College Examination.
Opens Thursday, September 18. Entrance Examination,
Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 17 and 18.
JOSEPH W. FAIRBANKS, Principal.

MARY INSTITUTE.

Opens Monday, September 22. Entrance Examination,
Friday and Saturday, September 19 and 20.
JAMES M. WOODWARD, Principal.

MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL.

Opens Monday, September 15. Entrance Examination,
Friday, September 14.
H. M. WOODWARD, Director.

SCHOOL OF FINE ARTS.

Opens Monday, September 22.
HALEY C. IVES, Director.

LAW SCHOOL.

Opens Wednesday, September 18.
WILLIAM G. HAMMOND, Dean.
For Catalogue containing full information,
Apply to GEO. W. BARTLETT, Secretary,
1704 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETINGS.

Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate Co.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 22, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stock-
holders of the Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate
Co. will be held at the office of the company, No.
213 N. 3rd St., in the city of St. Louis, state of Mis-
souri, on Monday, the 22d day of September, 1890,
at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of voting upon the
proposition then and there to be submitted to in-
crease the capital stock of said company from \$100,
000, its present authorized capital stock, to \$150,000.
GEO. W. WILSON, Secretary.
B. HAMMETT,
LORENZO ANDERSON, Directors.
FESTUS J. WADE.

MANTELS

If you are building buy your Mantels of
BRIDGE & BEACH MFG. CO.,
503 S. Main st.

DRUNKENNESS

LIQUOR HABIT.
IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE
DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given to a cup of coffee or tea, or in an
alcoholic drink, without the knowledge of the patient.
It is a powerful and speedy cure, whether the patient is
a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER
FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such cer-
tainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience,
and is able to resume his usual occupation. The re-
corder of 50 pages book free. To be had of
W. W. ALLEN, Broadway and Olive Sts., St. Louis,
Mo., and of all druggists.

ALOE'S INVISIBLE EYE-GLASS.

"The Swiftest" Eye-Glass ever in-
vented. Light, comfortable, incon-
spicuous, and will not rust. Will
satisfy the taste of the most fastid-
ious. Must be seen to be appreciated.

"Do you" possess anything more
valuable than your eyesight? Such
being the case, you should employ
only scientific experts, in whom
you will have implicit confidence.

A. S. ALOE & CO.,--OPTICIANS--415 NORTH BROADWAY,
Center of Block.

Say aye "No" and ye'll ne'er be married
Don't refuse all
Our Advice
to use SAPOLIO. It is a
solid cake of scouring soap,
used for cleaning purposes

I asked a maid if she would wed,
And in my home her brightness shed;
She faintly smiled and murmured low
"If I can have SAPOLIO"

UPHOLSTERY DEP'T.

Chenille, Turcoman
and Lace Curtains.

MOHAIR AND SILK PLUSHES.

Upholsterers' Supplies of Every Description.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.
Suits cleaned in six hours.
Dyeing.
Costs... \$1.00
Costs... \$2.00
Costs... \$3.00
Costs... \$4.00
Costs... \$5.00
Costs... \$6.00
Costs... \$7.00
Costs... \$8.00
Costs... \$9.00
Costs... \$10.00
W. SURREL,
6 N. 5th st., bet. Market and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.
Orders by express promptly attended to.

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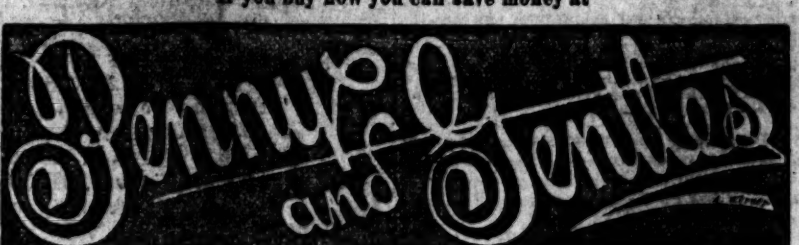
NEWLAND'S College of Midwifery

LYING-IN INSTITUTE.
This is the only Institute of the kind in
the West in which regular physicians lec-
ture, and which is connected with a lying-
in hospital, so that students will receive
practical and theoretical lessons. Male and
female students admitted. The regular
term will commence March and September
each year. Ladies who expect their confinement
soon, will find this the best place to attend to
it. For particulars, apply to
DR. S. NEWLAND, 1205 Chestnut St.

GREAT EARLY SALE OF

CLOAKS.

If you buy now you can save money at



An Immense Stock of Fall and Winter Cloaks now on hand.

BLAZER JACKETS at \$2 and \$3

REEFER JACKETS In Latest Cloths, \$3.75

Sold everywhere at \$6.

PLUSH JACKETS, Satin lined, the greatest

Stockinette Jackets, all wool, \$2.50 up

Long Wraps in Light Weights

At Less Than Half Price.

\$10 garments for \$4. \$12 garments for \$5. \$15 garments for \$7.50.

Plush Sacques, satin lined, \$12.75; worth \$17.50.

Latest Styles of Jackets, Wraps and Cloaks, all at lowest prices.

Misses' Cloth Reefers with brass

buttons, \$1.75; worth \$2.50

CAPESES! CAPESES!

Astrachan Capes, Plush Capes, Combination Capes, Beaver Capes, Monkey

Capes, ALL AT LOWEST PRICES.

100 Early Fall Capes to be Closed Out at 50c, \$1 and \$1.25. JUST HALF PRICE.

BE EARLY AT

PENNY & GENTLES--S. W. Cor. Broadway

and Franklin Av.

* ST. LOUIS *

EXPOSITION

American Night! American Authors!

GILMORE'S MILITARY BAND

Four Concerts Daily, Afternoon and Evening.

ADMISSION, 25c; CHILDREN, 15c.

Scenorama Yellowstone Park and the Northwest

In Entertainment Hall.

IMPORTED CIGARS.

El Monogramo Reina Victoria,

El Monogramo Conchas Finas,

El Monogramo Conchas Extra Finas,

El Monogramo Conchas Espectales,

El Monogramo Petit Bouquets,

El Monogramo Bachelors,

El Monogramo Bouquets,

P. Martinez Conchas Extra,

P. Martinez Principes,

La Heroica Famosos,

Mignon Petit Bouquets.

DAVID NICHOLSON.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

ALEXANDER'S NEROLI COLOGNE.

The finest and most popular cologne to be had in the city; equal to the German

Farina Cologne, at half the price. Try it.

ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE AND PEPSIN.

A standard preparation, recommended by physicians in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Lack of

Energy. One bottle will have more effect than twice the quantity plain beef, iron and wine. Price 25c.

Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles at reduced rates. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Prescriptions and Family Medicines accurately compounded by skillful pharmacists, under the

direct supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER (GRADUATE OF PHILADELPHIA

COLLEGE OF PHARMACY),

Established 1858.

Northwest Corner Broadway and Olive St.

BURIED ALIVE.

A Mine Disaster at St. Wendel in

Rhenish Prussia.

Burning of the Alhambra Palace at

Granada, Spain.

Gen. Ferron's Speech Creates a Very

Unfavorable Impression in

Vienna and Berlin.

The Strikers at Southampton Win a Great

Victory--French and German Socialists--

Accidents on German Railways--A Dis-

astrous Conflagration Caused by a Work-

man's Carelessness--Damaged in a Col-

lision--Banquet to United States Naval

Officers--Foreign News.

COLOGNE, Sept. 16.--A disaster at a mine at

St. Wendel is reported to have occurred this

morning; 150 men are said to be entombed,

most of whom are believed to be dead. Par-

ties are at work in the endeavor to save any

that may be alive.

European Military Affairs.

LONDON, Sept. 16.--A very unfavorable im-

pression has been created in Vienna and Ber-

lin by the speech of Gen. Ferron of the French

army, in which he declared Russia able to

overcome the Triple Alliance in war. As the

Austrian and German Emperors meet on

Wednesday in St. Petersburg the speech is regarded

as most impolitic, in that it tends to bind

Austrian and German interests more closely

together, and it will undoubtedly be a subject

of discussion between the Emperors.

THE RUSSIAN MANOEUVERS.

The Russian manoeuvres at Volynia, in

which 150,000 men are engaged, are now in

progress. No foreigners have been invited to

the spectacle and a strict watch is kept for

strangers in disguise.

RUSSIAN WARMS EXEMPTED.

Advice from St. Petersburg states that the

Czar has given directions for special exemp-

tion from conscription of all men who have

widowed mothers dependent upon them.

ON A GRAND SCALE.

The preparations for German manoeuvres

in Silesia are on a grander scale than any

heretofore held.

The New Trade Unionism.

LONDON, Sept. 16.--The leaders of the "new"

trade unionism are contemplating certain

changes of importance. The idea of co-opera-

tion at the great English docks, which is

now taking practical shape, has earnest ad-

vocates among the dock directors themselves,

while the union officials are no less anxious to

put on some plan of working which will avert

friction between the companies and the men,

and also tend to lift out the skulking and in-

competent element. The object that has just

gone forth from the executive to admit no

more new members to the London branches

of the Dockers' Union is made in view of the

union becoming the great employer of labor

at the docks. In this new capacity it cannot be

doubted that the union authorities will find

themselves under the necessity of dealing

summarily with many of their present mem-

bers.

THE SOUTHAMPTON STRIKE ENDED.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 16.--The directors of

the Royal Mail and Union Cos. telegraphed to

the officials here that they would agree to an

advance of 1 crown per month for seamen,

trimmers and boys, in addition to the advance

already given, provided the strike was ended

immediately. The strikers accepted the offer

and will resume work to-day.

Gladstone and "Starland."

LONDON, Sept. 16.--Mr. Gladstone has made

another happy and probably started

another book on the high road of success, as

he did in the case of "Robert Elsmere,"

Marie Bashkirtseff's "Diary," and other

works, by giving them the benefit of his

special notice. The author this time is Mr.

Ball, the Irish astronomer, and the book is

called "Starland." Mr. Gladstone writes

Mr. Ball a cordial letter of thanks for a copy

of the work, with which he declares himself

delighted.

A Disastrous Conflagration.

LONDON, Sept. 16.--A careless employe set

fire to the naphtha stores in Farringdon Street

of the Metropolitan Railroad yesterday and

started a disastrous conflagration. The heat

ignited the gas in a 36-inch main and twisted

the large iron pipes of the station. There

was extreme danger for many hours, of the

collapse of the bridge roadway. The valves

of the fire apparatus were out of order and the

flames were not extinguished until night.

Traffic was seriously impeded.

Accidents on German Railways.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.--During the last few days

there have been several accidents on the main

German railroad lines. In a collision between

two passenger trains, at a point between

Mount Jole and Ketterberg, four passengers

were killed and fourteen injured. A brake-

man lost both legs. A station-master was ar-

rested for causing the accident through culp-

able neglect. In the other accident no one

was killed.

French and German Socialists.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.--The Volksblatt, the Social-

ist organ, publishes an address from the

French labor party to the German Socialists.

The address says that the labor party in

France trusts that the Miners' Congress now

in session at Halle will show the insignifi-

cance of the existing division, and promote

the peace of nations in contrast to the

Chauvinism of the men who are directing the

policy of the European States.

American Naval Officers Entertained.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16.--A dinner was given

last night by the City of Stockholm to the

officers attached to the United States steamer

Baltimore, which conveyed the body of the

distinguished inventor, John Ericsson, from

the United States to this country.

Two hundred guests, including the

Ministers of State, military and naval offi-

cers and leading civilians were present. Gen.

Lewenhaupt, Minister of Foreign Affairs, pre-

sided. Mr. Thomas, the American Minister,

sat on his right and Capt. Schley of the Bal-

timore, upon his left. Count Lewenhaupt gave

St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Tuesday, September 18, 1890. THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO., JOSEPH FULTON, President. TERMS OF THE DAILY. One year, postage paid, every afternoon and Sunday morning, \$10.00. Six months, \$6.00. Three months, \$3.50. By the week (delivered by carrier), 25c. By the month (delivered by carrier), 65c. Sunday edition, by mail, per year, \$5.00. Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card. All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed to POST-DISPATCH, 512 Olive street. POSTAGE. Entered at the Post-office, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter. DOKSSTIC. Per Copy. Eight to sixteen pages, 1 Cent. Eighteen to thirty-two pages, 2 Cents. FOREIGN. Daily, 1 Cent. Sunday Post-Dispatch, 3 Cents. TELEPHONE NUMBERS. Editorial Rooms, 285. Business Office, 284. London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross.

TEN PAGES. TUESDAY, SEPT. 16, 1890. AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT. GRAND OPERA-HOUSE-Julia Marlowe. OLYMPIA-"The Charity Ball." FORTY-EIGHT-"Beacon Light." HAYLINS-"The Ranch King." EXHIBITION-Gilmore. STANDARD-Lily Clay's Gaiety Co. MATINEES TO-MORROW. GRAND OPERA-HOUSE-Julia Marlowe. OLYMPIA-"The Charity Ball." FORTY-EIGHT-"Beacon Light." STANDARD-Lily Clay's Gaiety Co.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Fair; warmer; southerly winds. Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair; stationary temperature.

The perpetration of the McKinley outrage may be regarded as a foregone conclusion. A leading Democrat with nerve is still the greatest need of the Ninth District Democracy. The situation in the House indicates that it is time for Speaker Reed to get off his coat and tighten his belt. St. Louis has never yet put her neck under the foot of a political boss, and St. Louis is not ready to do it now.

PERHAPS some prominent Democrat might be induced to take the Congressional nomination in the Ninth District if it were offered him on a silver platter. The interesting question for the Democrats of St. Louis is the question whether the Eighth and Ninth Districts are in the hands of the voters or of the "strangers."

In spite of Democratic protests in favor of decency, KENNEDY's counterblast against QUAY goes in the Congressional Record to keep company with the black-guardism of CANNON. The debate on the suffrage question in the Mississippi Constitutional Convention has developed the fact that what Mississippi needs is more public schools for whites as well as blacks.

VISITORS to the Exposition who read the POST-DISPATCH EXPOSITION ECHOES learn what are the best features of the great show and where to find them. It is especially valuable to strangers in the city. Just at present the most profitable occupation that we can recommend to the little tin Democratic bosses in St. Louis is to meditate thoughtfully over the history of their attempt to strangle public sentiment in St. Louis two years ago. The experience of the Koettler's Hotel ticket is full of instruction.

EX-GOV. CAMERON of Virginia has publicly renounced allegiance to the Republican party on account of its force bill leaders and sectional policy. The ex-Governor differs from many other Republicans only in the fact that he has publicly denounced the party while they will quietly fail to vote for it this fall.

COMMON sense suggests since funds are lacking for the construction of school buildings that houses suitable for the purpose might be rented in localities where school room is needed to accommodate the children. A little practical sense and energy in the right direction would go a long way toward increasing the school advantages of this city.

AN Italian gentleman of feeble mind who was stopped by the police while saying his prayers in public on Olive street turned out to be a lunatic afflicted with a delusion that he is the Pope of Rome. This form of lunacy is quite as harmless as that of the local blacksmith who cherishes the delusion that he is the Supreme Pontiff of the Ninth District.

THE talk about the Republican gain in Maine and Reed's gain in his district still goes on in spite of the returns. The total vote for the Republican Governor at the recent election was 64,850. This is 15,005 less than he received in 1888, and 4,548 less than the lowest Republican vote for Governor in the ten preceding years. Reed's vote of 16,097 this year is only 473 greater than the smallest one he received in his three preceding elections. It is 1,497 less

than his vote in 1884 and 2,191 less than his vote in 1888. The campaign management of BRICE and FLOWER, out the Democratic vote down about 15,000 from the average of the ten preceding years in Maine, but did not increase the Republican vote.

THE ONE HUNDRED. The Democrats of the Ninth District should by this time see very clearly through the game of BOSS BUTLER and his committee. The latter never intended to nominate JIM. The Republicans might be willing to pay liberally for such a walk-over, but the Boss is shrewd enough to know that the result of such a transparent deal would be fatal to Butlerism in St. Louis politics. With the overwhelming defeat of JIM, its control of committees and future nominations would be ended, its power broken, its City Hall occupation gone. For two seats in Congress the Republicans would hardly pay enough to justify the sacrifice of such a lucrative and well established business.

But the Boss himself has declared that JIM is in the race only to keep out the "bottails," and to "step down and out" in favor of certain specified gentlemen with plenty of money or railroad backing whom the Boss is willing to nominate in preference to his own son, and for obvious reasons. By the judicious selection of a respectable Democrat with more money than political experience, strength or popularity, it may be possible to satisfy both parties at once, gather vegetables from both sides of the garden wall, and indefinitely continue the old business unimpaired at the old stand.

So the select Committee of One Hundred who are to meet in a few days will have plain sailing. They have only to put on their kid gloves and point out a candidate of the class designated by the Boss to have him nominated. Their work, instead of being offensive to the Boss, has apparently been out and dried for them by him. They have his promise that JIM shall step down and out for any other in St. Louis politics endorsed by them, provided he can draw a check with enough ciphers in the amount. JIM is there only to hold the machine fort temporarily and prevent the nomination of some "bottail" who is popular enough to make a winning race without boss help or boodle.

A BAD RULF. By a majority of two the Cincinnati Board of Education has adopted a rule that no married woman shall retain a position as teacher in the public schools of that city.

A rule depriving the schools of the services of tried, faithful and efficient teachers of either sex, married or single, is a bad rule, because there is nowhere too large a proportion of such teachers employed. The inconclusive reason assigned for removing them justifies the inference that the real reason is the desire of school board members to promote favorites and make places for young and untried applicants.

When the school work of any teacher, married or single, becomes unsatisfactory, that is a sufficient reason for removing her. When the School Board can assign that reason, it does not have to designate conjugal relations or supposed domestic cares as the cause of her failure. It is enough that she has failed, and to allege any other reason for removing a teacher of good character and associations is to put forward a false pretext for doing a wrong.

A married teacher's conjugal and domestic relations may or may not interfere with her school duties, and they may or may not be conducive to her excellence in discharging such duties. But the same is true of the home life and family cares of the unmarried teacher. To find in these domestic relations an invariable cause of failure in teachers and to remove them without regard to the excellence of their work is absurd on its face.

A rule forbidding the employment of any teacher who is engaged to be married, or who sings in a church choir or does literary work or helps her poor mother take care of a large household of younger brothers and sisters, would not be more unreasonable. It is well known that a large proportion of the best work in our schools has been done by married women, and that "infirmities" too often secure school employment for unmarried women who render very poor service.

MINISTER MEYER's first bad break, which Secretary BLAIR disavowed and rebuked so promptly, was a mere trifle compared with his officious responsibility for that shocking scene on the deck of an American vessel, in which Gen. BARRUNDIA, a Guatemalan refugee, was surrendered to his butchers by MEYER's order. Whether the clause in the treaty of 1853, which should have protected him, was repealed or not—and that is still undecided—the contrast between that horrible scene and Commodore INGRAM's rescue of MARTIN KOTZLA will rankle long and painfully in the American mind. It was a national disgrace, and the prompt recall of our blundering Minister for his share in it, is the very smallest amount outraged national sentiment can accept.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER's money-bags secured him the position of Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee. Now he explains the utter inaction of the committee and its failure to do anything towards bringing out the Democratic vote in Maine, by saying of Speaker REED: "He is a great big man, a born leader, and I can't help admiring him if he is a

"Republican." Chairman BRICE of the Democratic National Committee is more discreetly silent, but his Republican business partner, BOSS PLATT of New York, probably knows that he, too, sympathizes with the fondness of the plutocratic element for REED.

Kaisers and People. From the New York Tribune. Mr. William Walter Phelps, who represents this Republic at the German Court, has crystallized his admiration for the young Emperor into a phrase calling him "the poor man's Kaiser." In a recent interview Mr. Phelps justified his admiration and the epithet by saying: "There isn't an emperor nor an act of that young monarch that does not respond quickly to this test—his love and care of that class of his subjects who most need help."

Would he not better deserve the title of "the poor man's Kaiser" if he diligently used his great power and influence to remove the causes of the poor people's distress—if he disbanded his vast armies and ceased to tax the lives of all the men in his empire with years of military service at the period when they are best fit for bread-earning work and ceased to tax the remaining population to support them with hundreds of thousands in idleness?

If he loves the people who do not seek to give them liberty instead of eddies? Do the people want any Kaiser at all? Mr. Phelps, as the representative of a Republic which rests upon the denial of all claims that are not based upon the rights of the individual, would have to answer by divine right, and call himself a "war lord."

MEN OF MARK. The present Sultan of Zanzibar is only one of the fifty-seven children of his father. LORD SPURLEY has come recently before the English public as a manufacturer of jam. The poet twinkle is a little man with a big head, which is fringed with aurea hair. JOHN W. KRELY, the Philadelphia motor man, has celebrated his fifty-third anniversary.

SEYMOUR FLECK, it is said, through scores of newspapers daily with the diligence of an exchange reader. ARTHUR B. CONNOR was born in Newark, N. J., where his father was proprietor of a popular hotel on Market street. Mr. WAMAMAKER says he has no wish to be President, and he has no objections to the office which will be forced upon him.

Mr. JAMES J. HILL, the "railroad king of the Northwest," has given \$500,000 for the erection of a Catholic theological seminary at St. Paul. GEORGE GILBERT of Youngstown, O., boasted for many years that his living expenses did not average 3 cents a day. George is dead. He left an estate valued at \$180,000. JAMES JEFFRIES of Russell County, Ky., has nineteen children, including seven pairs of twins. He also has ten brothers married, and the families have thirty-seven pairs of twins.

This late Michael Sullivan of Boston, father of John L., was a small man with great admiration for his famous boy. Two brothers and a sister are left to the big one, whose mother died a year or more ago. All the members of the firm of Harper & Bros. are practical printers, and it is a rule of the house that each member of the family who expects to be taken into the firm must first become proficient in type setting or press work.

BERNARD has the satisfaction of knowing that the newspapers in Germany which have deserted him have lost seriously in circulation. The Allgemeine Zeitung, in particular, which had for years been a Bismarck organ, and has now taken the other tack, has fallen from 25,000 to 10,000 daily.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD. EMPRESS ELIZABETH of Austria is traveling in the strictest incognito at Mrs. Nicholson. MISS COUGHS, better known as "the Nun of Kenmare," is a patient at the Battle Creek Sanitarium. The oldest sister of Mercy in America is Mother Seton of the New York Convent of Mercy, who is over 90.

MISS CLEMENTINA DE VRIES, soprano in Dr. Paxton's church in New York, receives \$4,000 a year for her services. OLIVE THORNE MILLER has invented a title for a certain type of women. She calls them "philanthropy devils." The Sultan's wives are divided into three classes. There are five of the first, twenty-four of the second and 300 of the third.

MISS HELEN FRANKS of Cheyenne, Wyo., is First Lieutenant of the only female company of regular State militia in the United States. Miss HELEN GORDON, Jay Gould's daughter, is an accomplished botanist. She has the rarest private collection of orchids in the country. Miss FLORA WAX, daughter of a Boston florist, has obtained the first prize and medal at the Vienna Conservatory and has gone upon the operatic stage.

Mrs. OWEN CONNOLLY, widow of a wealthy Irish-American, has just given her splendid residence in Charlottesville, Prince Edward Island, Canada, to the Sisters of Charity. Mrs. JAMES G. BLAIR, Jr., has been obliged to undergo heroic treatment for rheumatism. The surgeons broke her right arm near the elbow, and next week they will break her right leg near the knee, with the hope of also straightening that member.

WILL RESUME BUILDING. THE LIVERY STABLE ON GRAND AVENUE WILL BE FINISHED.

Judge Campbell renders a decision which causes grave anxiety in the Building Commissioner's Office and invalidates Two Ordinances. The City Will Appeal the Case to the Supreme Court. In an oral decision of considerable length Judge Campbell this morning declared void sec. 734 and 735 of the Revised Ordinances of the City of St. Louis. At the same time he reversed the decision rendered by Judge Anderson of the Second District Police Court in the case of the City against J. Russell and discharged the defendants in the action from the custody of the authorities. The case is one of considerable importance.

During last June E. J. Russell commenced the erection of a livery and boarding stable on Grand avenue between Locust street and North Market. He first circulated a petition among the property owners who block asking their consent to the scheme. Owing to the disfavor with which the business into which Russell desired to engage had met in the neighborhood, few signatures were obtained.

Russell then went to Building Commissioner Foster, who refused to issue him the necessary permit, because he was unable to show the signatures of more than one-half the property owners. Russell then decided to take matters into his own hands and commenced the erection of the stable without a permit. The residents in that vicinity, however, refused to tolerate the erection of the building, and on the 10th inst. they planned to Mr. Russell that official at once caused a summons to be issued in the Second District Police Court and commenced prosecution against Russell.

Sec. 734 of the Revised Ordinances says: "No livery, boarding or stable shall be located on any block of ground in St. Louis which is less than one-half the width of the block." The Building Commissioner is then restricted in his action. He has no power to issue a permit shall hereafter be granted by the Commissioner of Public Buildings for the erection of any livery, boarding or stable on a block of ground less than one-half the width of the block. The penalty to be imposed upon any person who violated this ordinance is set out in sec. 735, which says: "Any person maintaining a livery, boarding or stable on a block of ground less than one-half the width of the block shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 for each day said stable is maintained as aforesaid shall constitute a separate offense."

The present case of the first offender was brought, however, under sec. 735, which relates simply to the erection of any public building or structure on a block of ground less than one-half the width of the block. The penalty to be imposed upon any person who violated this ordinance is set out in sec. 736, which says: "Any person maintaining a livery, boarding or stable on a block of ground less than one-half the width of the block shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 for each day said stable is maintained as aforesaid shall constitute a separate offense."

In trying the action under sec. 735 the other two sections came into the case, it being argued that the defendant had violated sec. 734 as well as sec. 735. The defendant refused the permit for the erection of the stable and the City Council had no power to issue a permit because he could adduce no other objection to the granting of the same. The City Council had no right to frame any ordinance which would deprive a citizen of constitutional rights. He declared that the City Council had no right to frame any ordinance which would deprive a citizen of constitutional rights.

Russell will now resume work on his stable and the other property owners on the block will be glad to see him. It is not the first time that such cases have disturbed the elite of the city. This Russell is a well known man. He has been in the city for many years and has been particularly obnoxious by his actions. He seemed possessed with the idea that he was entitled to a block of ground on Grand avenue and would pay him an immense bonus to move his business and started work on several blocks of ground on Grand avenue. He was not to be less than a permit for working without a permit from the department, but they failed in that. After considerable delay he was finally gotten into court and fought there.

A MANIAC'S WORK. Asylum Attendees Attacked by an Immense Illinois Hoax. Anna, Sept. 16.—An inmate of the insane asylum became very violent and was taken to the hospital. Walker, cutting her face open for forehead to chin. She cut through the muscle on the arm of Miss Devine and stabbed Miss Steers in the neck.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 16.—A delegation of twenty-seven citizens of Chicago, representing the National League of Trades and Labor Assembly and Woman's Alliance arrived yesterday and implored the Governor to pardon Oscar Reese, the Anarchist, who was sent up for term. The Governor said he would consider it.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS. An Insane Woman Confined in a Smoke House by Her Husband. FRANKLIN, Pa., Sept. 16.—Another case of inhuman treatment of the insane has been unearthed, the case being in Richland Township, in this county. The victim is a woman named Margaret Orr, and she has been kept by her brother on a farm near Elmington Station on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. She is about 40 years of age and has been confined in chains in a smoke house for over fifty years.

MR. JOHN M. WHITE and Mrs. W. B. REED-WORTH have connected themselves with the advertising department of the POST-DISPATCH with the special object of writing up the business interests of St. Louis.

FEEL THIRTY FEET. While James Locke was at work on the roof of the stable in the rear of the residence of Samuel Sealing, 303 Clark avenue, yesterday afternoon, a cornice upon which he was

standing gave away and he fell to the sidewalk, a distance of more than thirty feet. Locke was rendered unconscious by the shock. In this condition he was sent to the City Dispensary. An examination showed no internal injuries. His bones were broken. He is married, has a 22-year-old son, and lives with his family at 2715 South Ninth street.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. LOUISIANA. Chicago Post Measured on a New York Last and St. Louis' Verdict Sustained. A New Yorker who has lately been in Chicago, says the Chicago Herald, tells a reporter of a New York paper: "I used to think that the badinage about the size of the feet of Chicago's ladies was merely St. Louis spite, but during my last visit to the lake city I learned that it was no joke. My daughter found that her shoes, which fitted her perfectly in New York, pinched her uncomfortably there, and she was compelled to buy a larger pair for comfort." He concludes from this that Chicago women must necessarily wear larger shoes than the women of New York. But the shoe of the sort. The fact that her feet completed the natural growth of the foot, and that the feet of Chicago women, which every one knows are enormous in diameter, are no women in the world saved the tilted ladies of Chicago.

A Traveled Wanderer. Jim Burr is the worst looking man in St. Louis, says the Kansas City Star. His features are ugly, as features, and his ensemble is ugly. He is homely in detail, homely in the aggregate, and, worse than all, he knows it, and has a sad, sorrowing pride in being so. The other day while Burr was absorbing his beer, which he has a religious aversion to, there came into Tony Faust's saloon from Carondelet what was so transcendently ugly as to almost stop traffic wherever he went.

Burr watched him for a time, and it was evident from his looks that his pride had been hurt. He had met a man who looked worse than he did, and his throne was threatened. At last, turning to Dick Johnson, he said: "Give me your honest opinion, Dick, am I as ugly as that fellow?" Dick looked long and earnestly and delayed an answer as though hesitating to pain a friend. Finally he said: "No, you are not in his class at all." "No, Burr; that man lays over you. You are not in his class at all." "No, Burr; that man lays over you. You are not in his class at all." "No, Burr; that man lays over you. You are not in his class at all."

NATURALIZATION FRUSTRATED. The United States Wins a Point Against Three Defendants. Judge Thayer this morning sustained District Attorney Reynolds' exceptions to the answers made by Fred W. Norsch, Thomas O'Gorman and Henry Stump, against whom the United States has brought suit to enjoin them from claiming citizenship under the act of naturalization of St. Louis courts, obtained by fraud.

The judge also held the answers to be insufficient. Exceptions to the answer of Edward Norch, O'Gorman, Stump and Barrett are sustained. The court held that the defendants' naturalization has been attacked on account of fraud, who are defending. All others are overruled. On the last day of the hearing of the United States to be true or have not answered at all, letting the Government secure a decree by default. Marshal Buchanan's deputies are hard at work trying to find the seventy aliens who pretended to be citizens. The defendants were secured some months ago and many have moved in the interval the court has been unable to locate them. To secure service before to-night, or the defendants will have until November to answer.

CHICAGO'S CITY COUNCIL. Important Resolutions Passed Affecting Valuable Interests of the City. CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 16.—Last night's session of the City Council was unusually interesting. Besides passing the ordinance permitting the use of the lake front for World's Fair purposes a number of important resolutions were passed. One of them instructed the Corporation Counsel to draft an ordinance providing for the erection of plants by the city for the purpose of furnishing gas for light and fuel purposes.

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FELL EIGHTY FEET. A Colored Workman Killed This Morning in the New Water Works Tunnel. John Johnson, a colored man employed by the contractors who are now digging the tunnel under the river for the new water works, was killed this morning by falling down the shaft, a distance of eighty feet, striking the stone bottom. Johnson's father lives in Texas, and was notified by telegram of his son's sudden death. The shaft is the entrance to the supply tunnel under the river, which is now about two-thirds complete.

A Well-Grounded Complaint. Residents in the southern portion of the city who use the Southern Railroad street cars for transportation to and from business are renewing their complaints against the houses on Sixth street, between Elm and Taylor. The women residing in these places behave in a very reckless manner and cause great annoyance to ladies who are compelled to ride on the Sixth street cars. The road will shortly be run by electricity and an attempt will be made to get the houses complained of closed up, and a great drawback to its popularity removed.

A Fatal Fire Row. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 16.—Word was received by telephone last night from Perkins Station that trouble arose between A. Menke and his son-in-law, J. J. Glaken, last evening, concerning domestic and business matters and resulted in a shooting affray. Menke is reported dead and Glaken mortally wounded. A son of Menke's dangerously wounded, if not fatally. The parties are all prominent hop growers.

A Carpenter's Fall. Frank Dillenberg, a carpenter engaged on a building on Jefferson avenue, fell from a scaffold and injured himself about the face and back. He was taken to the dispensary where his injuries were attended to, and from there he was sent home and will most likely be about again in a few days.

Students Suspended. MARION, Pa., Sept. 16.—The faculty of Lafayette College have suspended for one year Juan Antonio Medina, a young Spanish student, and George Smith, of Saratoga, who last week attempted to burn Freshman Shockey, of Milford, Del.

WITHOUT ANY WATER. NORTH SIDE RESIDENTS INCONVENIENCED BY BREAKS IN THE MAINS.

The Supply Cut off a Second Time by the Breaking of a 30-Inch Main—Complaints of Stagnant Water—Large in the West End—City Hall Matters. The Water Department is again having trouble with the Grand avenue water main, and Grand avenue was again flooded with a stream of water from the bursted pipe. On Sunday night the pipe broke at a point opposite the Fair Grounds Police Station and tore a big hole in the ground and flooded the neighboring cellars. Yesterday a new section of pipe was put in and about 7 o'clock in the evening the water was turned on again. A few minutes later another burst was reported half a mile above and again the water was cut off. The water was turned on at 10 o'clock in the evening and the water supply of the northern half of the city.

The break in both cases was about six feet under ground and the water forced its way through it. It was a large volume of water, making a huge hole in the street. The repairing of the second break will be pushed along as fast as possible and the system restored to its normal condition.

Board of Public Improvements. The Board of Public Improvements held a regular meeting to-day and disposed of a quantity of regular business. The locations of a number of new street electric lamps were approved and a number of street railroad matters looked after.

They Can All Build Out. A building is being put up on Wash street, near Jefferson avenue, which is causing a good deal of comment and inquiry as to why it is being built in a manner it is. The street there is very wide, covering, it does a space formerly occupied by a public market house. The new building is being built out into the street, as it exists at present, forming an obstruction across the sidewalk and making it necessary for pedestrians on that side of the street to go out into the street to get around it.

Will Be Confirmed. Maj. Murphy is certain now that to-night the city officials will confirm all that will be well. City Counselor Bell has changed his mind since yesterday, and now agrees with Mr. Murphy on the subject and says the approval is a foregone conclusion.

Cows in the Street. W. H. Claggett and others living at Magnolia Terrace on Taylor avenue, north of St. Louis avenue, have a grievance which they have brought before the Mayor, and which they ask him to settle. There are several dozen head of stock, including cows, mules and horses, which are allowed to graze at home on the lawn and private property of the residents of the Terrace. Applications have been made to the officers to stop the trespass of the animals, but with no success, and the protesters ask the Mayor to enforce the law by ordering animals at large on the public streets.

AN ERROR OF PROPERTY. A Cool Wave Arrives in St. Louis Unannounced. The Signal Service made a mistake in its prediction of temperature for to-day. The prediction for St. Louis last night, yesterday morning, was "stationary" temperature. That was good for twenty-four hours. Last night's prediction of temperature was "stationary," and that was good for twenty-four hours. This morning's prediction was stationary temperature. The prediction was "stationary" temperature. The prediction was "stationary" temperature. The prediction was "stationary" temperature.

A LINGULAR ASSAULT. A Gentleman Knocked Senseless by an Unknown Assault. A strange case of assault is reported from the Fifth street. About 9 o'clock last night as John Mundy, a widower living at 1715 Bellvue avenue, was on his way home, he was assaulted when but a short distance from his destination, and knocked senseless. Before he realized his danger an unknown man walked briskly up from behind and struck him on the top of the head with some heavy blunt instrument. Mundy thinks he was unconscious for about ten minutes. When he recovered he found himself lying on the sidewalk and had a member of the family at whose house he resides, call a physician. It was found that the skull was fractured, a severe contusion of the scalp scalp being caused by the blow as he had received. Mundy is wholly at a loss to account for the assault. The motive could not be a robbery, as his watch and money were not disturbed. The gentleman is a comparatively stranger in St. Louis and knows no one in the city who bears him any ill-will.

ST. LOUIS STANDS FIRST. Secret Meeting of the Inspectors-General of the Thirty-Third Degree. CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 16.—The first session of the secret meeting of Inspectors-General, Thirty-Third Degree of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Free Masons of the northern jurisdiction of the United States, opened in the Masonic Temple shortly after 10 o'clock this morning. A large delegation from Chicago arrived on the early morning train from the West, and when the procession was formed at the Waldorf House a little after 9 o'clock, forty-four of the thirty-eight members of the Supreme Council of the Rite were present. The Supreme Inspector Palmer of Milwaukee presided over the session. The Grand Master of the Rite was one of the finest ever seen in Cleveland.

ST. LOUIS STANDS FIRST. An Official Report, Which Shows the Road the Biggest Brewery in the World. Bonfroy's wine and liquor circular, which is made up from the official statistics of the United States and German Governments, shows the sales of eight of the largest beer breweries in the world during the fiscal year ending April 30, 1890, to be as follows:

1. Anheuser-Busch, St. Louis, 2,022,000. 2. Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, 1,608,231. 3. Beck & Co., Bremen, 1,418,500. 4. George Heileman, New York, 1,344,627. 5. Schlitz, Milwaukee, 1,200,000. 6. Beck & Co., Bremen, 1,100,000. 7. Beck & Co., Bremen, 1,100,000. 8. Beck & Co., Bremen, 1,100,000.

A Small Failure. CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 16.—W. J. Applebee & Co., a branch of Trade store, failed to-day. The concern was a small one and the liabilities will probably be light.

REAL ESTATE NEWS. Numerous Small Buyers Sell the List of Transfers—Sales of the Day.

To-day's list of real estate transfers is the most lengthy that has been published since June 7, when fifty-three deeds were filed for record. The increase is quite marked, fifty-one deeds having been recorded to-day, very nearly double the average number filed during any day of July or August. The considerations given, however, are small, \$11,181 being the highest named in any one deed, but this is rather a good feature, as it shows that the masses, rather than a few speculators and rich investors are buying property.

This sale of \$11,181 was perfected by John F. Storm of Lohmeyer & Co., who purchased a piece of ground fronting 148 feet by a depth of 128 at the southeast corner of Trudeau and DeKalb streets for a client who will establish an industrial plant upon the site. The property is located on the Pioneer Steam Works Co. The purchaser, Mr. Storm, says, are New York parties.

OTHER SALES OF THE DAY. Terry Bros. offered the sale of a 2x10x10 foot lot in Florida place, situate on the north side of Green street, at 55 a foot to Wm. Hayne, at \$18 a foot. One Mrs. J. J. DeWitt, who, with her mother, is going to build an eight-room, 4,000 residence upon the premises.

Papin & Tontrop report the sale of lots Nos. 17 and 18, fronting 100 feet by a depth of 150 on the north side of Marietta street, for \$1,500 each, to Wm. Hayne. E. B. Warner sold for L. P. Young 100x125 feet of ground situate on the south side of Maryland avenue on the line of the Olive street car line, 228 feet east of Newstead, at \$70 a foot to Oliver L. Hagar, who is going to build a house there.

McNair & Farish have had such an active sale of lots in their Edgar Ames subdivision in East St. Louis, that they have advanced prices from 50 cents to \$1 a foot. The lots are quoted in the following sales reported by them:

Trendly avenue, south side, between Eighth and Tenth streets, 2x10x10 feet, at \$8 a foot to Henry Vogel. Market street, at the southeast corner of Fifth, 2x10x10 feet, at \$8 a foot to Wm. Hayne. Bond avenue, south side, between Eighth and Tenth streets, 10x14x10 feet, at \$8 a foot to E. B. Hicks.

Trendly avenue, southwest corner of Eighth, 2x10x10 feet, at \$8 a foot to Laurence Dunn. Persons wanting to buy a home site in a new and improving locality where values are going up all the time, so that they may sell out at an advance if they choose to, should consider the fact that they have an opportunity at 2 o'clock next Saturday afternoon to buy lots in Florida place, situate on the north side of Green street, at 55 a foot to Wm. Hayne. The lots are quoted in the following sales reported by them:

Let on the south side of Florio avenue, east of Edgar road, 2x10x10 feet, to E. B. Hagar, at \$8 per foot. Let on the south side of Florio avenue, west of Hazel avenue, 2x10x10 feet, to E. B. Hagar, at \$8 per foot. Let on the south side of Florio avenue, between Hazel and Bond streets, 2x10x10 feet, to E. B. Hagar, at \$8 per foot. Let on the south side of Florio avenue, between Bond and Tenth streets, 2x10x10 feet, to E. B. Hagar, at \$8 per foot.

ROBBED AT HIS HOTEL. A Theatrical Manager Sustains a Heavy Loss at the Lindell. Mel S. Fogel, manager of the "Beacon Lights" company, is regretting that while staying at the Lindell he did not keep his pocket book to the clerk for safe keeping. Instead of taking this precaution, he divided his roll into two, placed \$350 under one pillow and \$400 under the other and fell asleep. This was on Sunday night and yesterday morning the business manager of the same company called on Mr. Fogel and the two went down to breakfast the money being left under the pillows. When Mr. Fogel awoke he found the \$350 roll missing. He found the \$400 roll safe, but also discovered that the \$350 had been taken. Suspicion rested on James Morris, an electrician who was placed under arrest. A duster said to belong to him was found in the room, and he also had been in the passage near the door.

SCOTTISH RITE FREE MASONS. Secret Meeting of the Inspectors-General of the Thirty-Third Degree. CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 16.—The first session of the secret meeting of Inspectors-General, Thirty-Third Degree of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Free Masons of the northern jurisdiction of the United States, opened in the Masonic Temple shortly after 10 o'clock this morning. A large delegation from Chicago arrived on the early morning train from the West, and when the procession was formed at the Waldorf House a little after 9 o'clock, forty-four of the thirty-eight members of the Supreme Council of the Rite were present. The Supreme Inspector Palmer of Milwaukee presided over the session. The Grand Master of the Rite was one of the finest ever seen in Cleveland.

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Boys' Suits.

Latest style in checks will be opened to-morrow, 4 to 14 years,

\$3.00.
Barr's.

Let's have a nice cosy little chat about some bargains down at Barr's to-morrow. Firstly, there's an odd assortment of broken sizes in ladies' pure wool vests, Jersey fitting, white, pink, blue and scarlet, some long sleeves, some no sleeves; they were one dollar fifteen, but will all be 75c each to-morrow. We don't know that your size is there. But we have all sizes in white merino vests, high necks, long sleeves, a nice quality, at 50c; and extra fine scarlet all-wool vest and drawers at \$1 each garment.

Here's a big bargain in men's underwear. Beautiful soft white cashmere wool vests, ribbed ends, silk faced, thick and warm, only \$1.25. Also, natural wool vests, made of finest Saxony wool, French seams, \$1.85 each. And now here's an item of unusual

interest: Lamb's wool, natural wool, camel's hair and Spanish merino full hose for men, full regular made, double heels and toes. Your choice of any of the above goods at 25c a pair. Colors, tans, modes, reds, blues, browns, natural and black. This is a large-sized bargain opportunity.

Barr's are having a big trade in cloaks. The stock is endless in jackets, coats, long cloaks. There's a handsome tailor-bound chevron worsted coat, double-breasted, tailor pockets, in black and navy blue, for \$4.50. The latest reefer shapes, in broad wide wale cloth, tailor bound, with the new high sleeves, at five dollars. Do see the new diagonal chevron cloth coat with cord and loops on edge and sleeves. This has a blazer front,

and may be worn over the stylish new separate vests in velvet, plush, seal or cloth. The Vassar jacket is a beauty; strictly tailor made and decidedly mannish in style and finish, 28 inches long, and a beautifully fitting coat.

Those part wool plaids for school dresses that Barr's offer at 24c a yard are marvels of cheapness. So are the plain all-wool suitings, a yard wide, for 20c. We never had such a magnificent stock of dress fabrics as this season's. There's no end to the styles and the prices are way below anything ever heard of. Elegant wools at 35c and 40c; new rough street fabrics, novelties in tailor suitings, beautiful new chevrons, and the long-haired woolly camel's hairs. Every-

body welcome to come and look at our display.

As to our special in hats and toques at \$3.50, we'll describe one: Soft crown, with a black bird resting against a bunch of upright velvet loops at the back, and poufing of velvet about the brim. Another: Dark blue, with three wings in rich dark reddish brown, and twist of dark blue velvet and gold braid. Come see what we mean when we advertise stylish hats at \$3.50 each at Barr's.

Suppose you've heard about our special black silk sale. Your choice of Peau de Soie, Faille Francaise, Satin Rhadame and Gros Grain, all guaranteed qualities, at \$1 a yard.

Wm. Barr D. G. Co., St. Louis.

Hat Special.

Stylish hats, toques, turbans, sailors, etc., at

\$3.50.

Barr's.

WILL HAVE HIS RIGHTS.

O'NEILL AND HIS FRIENDS WILL NOT TOLERATE CROOKED WORK.

The Crooked Combine Must Give Him a Fair Show or There Will Be Trouble at the Polls. The Twenty-fourth Ward is being made to defend him—An Opponent for Butler—Political News.

He is the main subject of interest in the political whirl to-day, of course, the coming primaries which will be held in the Twenty-fourth Ward. The election there will be lively and warm there is no doubt, and predictions are made that the police in that section of the city will have the hardest day's work they have had for a long time. That O'Neill has the worst of it is clear. The committee has carried out its determination and fixed the district in the interest of O'Malley, and while O'Neill has a fair chance in one or two wards the odds are all against him in the others. Everything is known in the city, and the Twenty-fourth Ward is a sample. It extends from St. Louis avenue to Easton avenue, and from Jefferson avenue to a line 600 feet west of Grand avenue. Cass avenue is its main thoroughfare and it is expected that the polling-place will be put on Cass avenue. Instead of that it has been located on a Montgomery street and Glasgow avenue, way off on one side within 100 feet of the Eighteenth Ward line. No one expects that the ward will poll anything like a strong primary vote. There are 1,500 votes in the ward, but if the judges and clerks receive thirty or more, will only get 500 votes, and 1,000 votes will be left out. It will not be a difficult matter to block that poll, and the neighborhood affords every facility. Few voters would go from Easton avenue to St. Louis avenue to vote at the primaries, and there is a slim chance of O'Neill's showing in the ward there, though his friends claim that he is stronger than O'Malley in the ward, four to one. The committee met last night and named the voting places in all the wards and the judges and clerks in all the wards but the Eighth. Two polling places were selected in the Fourth, Tenth, Twelfth, Eighteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-second wards, which are said to be O'Neill's strongholds.

O'NEILL WILL HAVE HIS RIGHTS. Mr. O'Neill was seen at his office this morning and when asked what he proposed to do he said: "I will do the best we can. I think everything looks all right."

"What action will you take if your men are not permitted to vote?"

"Well, we will cross that bridge when we come to it. I have representatives at five polls, and as the others will try to vote an open ticket, if we cannot have either an open ticket or representation we will have to see what else we can do."

"Has Macklin given you representation in the Twentieth ward?"

"No, he has not."

"Has the committee carried out its plan?"

"It has not deviated a hair. This little nest, combine, conspiracy, or whatever it is, is run tight, and the only way to get out of it is to beat it. The Democratic party will stand it. Why, 50 per cent of the voters there are for me, and the men are undertaking to nominate their man. I mean to show to-morrow that the Democratic party is not making its own nominations."

Committee Lyman of the Tenth Ward committee have done what is fair in this election. In every ward we have given two polling places and representation. I went to Mr. O'Malley and the only thing he said was, "We have our judges and clerks. I asked them if they meant to refuse representation when we had given it to them, and they simply said: 'We have our judges and clerks.'"

POLLING PLACES.
The committee at its meeting last night selected the following polling places:
Fourth Ward—First polling place, No. 1228 North Sixth street; second polling place, No. 145 North Broadway.
Sixth Ward—Polling place, No. 4247 North Broadway.
Eighth Ward—Polling place, No. 1201 North Ninth street.
Tenth Ward—Polling place, No. 1521 O'Fallon street; second polling place, No. 1454 North Tenth street.
Twelfth Ward—Polling place, 1824 Monroe street.
Fourteenth Ward—Polling place, northeast corner of Twenty-second and North Broadway.
Sixteenth Ward—Polling place, 2439 North Twenty-second street; second polling place, Elgin Madison street.
Eighteenth Ward—Polling place 3029 North Grand avenue; second polling place, No. 2829 North Twenty-second street.
Twentieth Ward—Polling place No. 1400 Franklin street.
Twenty-fourth Ward—Polling place southeast corner of Glasgow avenue and Montgomery street.
Twenty-sixth Ward—Polling place, 4110 Prairie avenue. Second polling place, 4702 North Broadway.
Twenty-eighth Ward—Polling place, corner Morgan and Vandeventer avenue. Second polling place, 4702 North Broadway.
In the Fourth Ward, these living north of East avenue and west of North Broadway, and these living south of East avenue at 1228 North Sixth street.

An Opponent for Butler.

Those who are interested in the Ninth District movement to select some other candidate for Congress than Jim Butler are satisfied that they will succeed, and the fact that there were only seven present at the meeting at the Southern last night did not discourage them. The meeting called to order by David W. Darrah and Secretary Louis made the report for the committee, saying that they had canvassed the district and had found several good Democrats who would be willing to accept the nomination, if they could secure the order of a primary. The committee had come to the conclusion that the best man should not be used in the city to-morrow, and it is expected that the meeting called to order by David W. Darrah and Secretary Louis at the Southern last night will have

IN MRS. KENDAL'S HOME.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE HOUSE AND ITS CURIOUS SOUVENIRS.

Now the Famous Actress Lives—Her Study, Dining-Room and Parlor—Some of the Pretty Things She Got in This Country. The Pictures and Furniture—What She Thinks of the United States.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Harley street, has been immortalized by Lord Tennyson, but not in a flattering manner, for "the Mermaid" he calls it "a long unlovely street." So it is; photograph characterizes it more precisely. The street is a long, narrow, half-fashioned street that clings on to the skirts of a good square and is inhabited by professional people in the main. Every other house in Harley street is occupied by a physician or a dentist; in one of the intermediate houses live Mr. and Mrs. Kendal.

Like themselves, their street is intensely and even aggressively "respectable." The houses are big and solid, but ugly and dull outside—straight up and down edifices of dirty bricks with flat windows and shrunken domes, unadorned by porch, balcony or portico. The street is a long, narrow, half-fashioned street that clings on to the skirts of a good square and is inhabited by professional people in the main. Every other house in Harley street is occupied by a physician or a dentist; in one of the intermediate houses live Mr. and Mrs. Kendal.

The house is built in the traditional British style—five stories above the basement, with two rooms on a floor. The street door opens into a passage dignified with the name of Hall; the stairs in unrelieved and unadorned plaster. The house is a long, narrow, half-fashioned street that clings on to the skirts of a good square and is inhabited by professional people in the main. Every other house in Harley street is occupied by a physician or a dentist; in one of the intermediate houses live Mr. and Mrs. Kendal.

CAROLET NEWS.
An Armed Force Search for the Robber Who Fired on Farmer Goodson.

St. Louis County is considerably stirred up over the attempted robbery of the Goodson homestead and the desperate encounter which Mr. Goodson had with the robbers, in putting them flight, early last Sunday morning, a full account of which appeared in yesterday's Post-Dispatch. The county officers are so determined to get the desperado who robbed the Goodson homestead, that they have sent a force of men to search for him in the vicinity of the homestead. The county officers are so determined to get the desperado who robbed the Goodson homestead, that they have sent a force of men to search for him in the vicinity of the homestead.

Real Estate Transfers.
Wm. Lethman and wife to John H. Heston, \$1,200. Edward Lethman and wife to Patrick Muldoon, \$1,150. Alexander Lethman and wife to James P. Muldoon, \$1,000.

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WOMEN ARE NOT SLOW TO COMPREHEND.

They're alive, and yet it was a man who discovered the one remedy for their peculiar ailments.

The man was Dr. Pierce.

The discovery was his "Favorite Prescription"—the boon to delicate women.

Why go round "with one foot in the grave," suffering in silence—misunderstood—when there's a remedy at hand that isn't an experiment, but which is sold under the guarantee that if you are disappointed in any way in it, you can get your money back by applying to its makers.

We can hardly imagine a woman's not trying it. Possibly it may be true of one or two—but we doubt it.

Women are ripe for it. They must have it. Think of a prescription and nine out of ten waiting for it. Carry the news to them!

The seat of sick headache is not in the brain. Regulate the stomach and you cure it. Dr. Pierce's Pellets are the Little Regulators.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.
WANTED—Men at Dulmer and Grand av. McCormack.

WANTED—First-class girl for general housework.
Wanted—A good girl for general housework.

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LIVE STOCK COMMISSION.

WHEELER, JAMES & CO., LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

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FINANCIAL.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO., 307 OLIVE ST.

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COMMERCIAL.

THE MARKETS IN BRIEF.

WHEAT—Higher. Cash No. 2 red sold at 97 1/2-98 1/2 and No. 3 red at 96c. Dec. closed at 1-01-1-02-1-03-1-04. May closed at 47 3/8-48.

CORN—Higher. Cash No. 2 red sold at 44 1/2-45 and No. 3 white at 44 1/2-45. May closed at 47 3/8-48.

OATS—Higher. Cash No. 2 white at 30c. May closed at 47 3/8-48.

FLUOR—Quiet and steady.

Closing Prices—11:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Sept. 1890	97 1/2	98 1/2	96 1/2	97 1/2
Oct. 1890	98 1/2	99 1/2	97 1/2	98 1/2
Nov. 1890	99 1/2	100 1/2	98 1/2	99 1/2
Dec. 1890	100 1/2	101 1/2	99 1/2	100 1/2
Jan. 1891	101 1/2	102 1/2	100 1/2	101 1/2
Feb. 1891	102 1/2	103 1/2	101 1/2	102 1/2
Mar. 1891	103 1/2	104 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Apr. 1891	104 1/2	105 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2
May 1891	105 1/2	106 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2
June 1891	106 1/2	107 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2
July 1891	107 1/2	108 1/2	106 1/2	107 1/2
Aug. 1891	108 1/2	109 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2
Sept. 1891	109 1/2	110 1/2	108 1/2	109 1/2
Oct. 1891	110 1/2	111 1/2	109 1/2	110 1/2
Nov. 1891	111 1/2	112 1/2	110 1/2	111 1/2
Dec. 1891	112 1/2	113 1/2	111 1/2	112 1/2
Jan. 1892	113 1/2	114 1/2	112 1/2	113 1/2
Feb. 1892	114 1/2	115 1/2	113 1/2	114 1/2
Mar. 1892	115 1/2	116 1/2	114 1/2	115 1/2
Apr. 1892	116 1/2	117 1/2	115 1/2	116 1/2
May 1892	117 1/2	118 1/2	116 1/2	117 1/2
June 1892	118 1/2	119 1/2	117 1/2	118 1/2
July 1892	119 1/2	120 1/2	118 1/2	119 1/2
Aug. 1892	120 1/2	121 1/2	119 1/2	120 1/2
Sept. 1892	121 1/2	122 1/2	120 1/2	121 1/2
Oct. 1892	122 1/2	123 1/2	121 1/2	122 1/2
Nov. 1892	123 1/2	124 1/2	122 1/2	123 1/2
Dec. 1892	124 1/2	125 1/2	123 1/2	124 1/2
Jan. 1893	125 1/2	126 1/2	124 1/2	125 1/2
Feb. 1893	126 1/2	127 1/2	125 1/2	126 1/2
Mar. 1893	127 1/2	128 1/2	126 1/2	127 1/2
Apr. 1893	128 1/2	129 1/2	127 1/2	128 1/2
May 1893	129 1/2	130 1/2	128 1/2	129 1/2
June 1893	130 1/2	131 1/2	129 1/2	130 1/2
July 1893	131 1/2	132 1/2	130 1/2	131 1/2
Aug. 1893	132 1/2	133 1/2	131 1/2	132 1/2
Sept. 1893	133 1/2	134 1/2	132 1/2	133 1/2
Oct. 1893	134 1/2	135 1/2	133 1/2	134 1/2
Nov. 1893	135 1/2	136 1/2	134 1/2	135 1/2
Dec. 1893	136 1/2	137 1/2	135 1/2	136 1/2
Jan. 1894	137 1/2	138 1/2	136 1/2	137 1/2
Feb. 1894	138 1/2	139 1/2	137 1/2	138 1/2
Mar. 1894	139 1/2	140 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2
Apr. 1894	140 1/2	141 1/2	139 1/2	140 1/2
May 1894	141 1/2	142 1/2	140 1/2	141 1/2
June 1894	142 1/2	143 1/2	141 1/2	142 1/2
July 1894	143 1/2	144 1/2	142 1/2	143 1/2
Aug. 1894	144 1/2	145 1/2	143 1/2	144 1/2
Sept. 1894	145 1/2	146 1/2	144 1/2	145 1/2
Oct. 1894	146 1/2	147 1/2	145 1/2	146 1/2
Nov. 1894	147 1/2	148 1/2	146 1/2	147 1/2
Dec. 1894	148 1/2	149 1/2	147 1/2	148 1/2
Jan. 1895	149 1/2	150 1/2	148 1/2	149 1/2
Feb. 1895	150 1/2	151 1/2	149 1/2	150 1/2
Mar. 1895	151 1/2	152 1/2	150 1/2	151 1/2
Apr. 1895	152 1/2	153 1/2	151 1/2	152 1/2
May 1895	153 1/2	154 1/2	152 1/2	153 1/2
June 1895	154 1/2	155 1/2	153 1/2	154 1/2
July 1895	155 1/2	156 1/2	154 1/2	155 1/2
Aug. 1895	156 1/2	157 1/2	155 1/2	156 1/2
Sept. 1895	157 1/2	158 1/2	156 1/2	157 1/2
Oct. 1895	158 1/2	159 1/2	157 1/2	158 1/2
Nov. 1895	159 1/2	160 1/2	158 1/2	159 1/2
Dec. 1895	160 1/2	161 1/2	159 1/2	160 1/2
Jan. 1896	161 1/2	162 1/2	160 1/2	161 1/2
Feb. 1896	162 1/2	163 1/2	161 1/2	162 1/2
Mar. 1896	163 1/2	164 1/2	162 1/2	163 1/2
Apr. 1896	164 1/2	165 1/2	163 1/2	164 1/2
May 1896	165 1/2	166 1/2	164 1/2	165 1/2
June 1896	166 1/2	167 1/2	165 1/2	166 1/2
July 1896	167 1/2	168 1/2	166 1/2	167 1/2
Aug. 1896	168 1/2	169 1/2	167 1/2	168 1/2
Sept. 1896	169 1/2	170 1/2	168 1/2	169 1/2
Oct. 1896	170 1/2	171 1/2	169 1/2	170 1/2
Nov. 1896	171 1/2	172 1/2	170 1/2	171 1/2
Dec. 1896	172 1/2	173 1/2	171 1/2	172 1/2
Jan. 1897	173 1/2	174 1/2	172 1/2	173 1/2
Feb. 1897	174 1/2	175 1/2	173 1/2	174 1/2
Mar. 1897	175 1/2	176 1/2	174 1/2	175 1/2
Apr. 1897	176 1/2	177 1/2	175 1/2	176 1/2
May 1897	177 1/2	178 1/2	176 1/2	177 1/2
June 1897	178 1/2	179 1/2	177 1/2	178 1/2
July 1897	179 1/2	180 1/2	178 1/2	179 1/2
Aug. 1897	180 1/2	181 1/2	179 1/2	180 1/2
Sept. 1897	181 1/2	182 1/2	180 1/2	181 1/2
Oct. 1897	182 1/2	183 1/2	181 1/2	182 1/2
Nov. 1897	183 1/2	184 1/2	182 1/2	183 1/2
Dec. 1897	184 1/2	185 1/2	183 1/2	184 1/2
Jan. 1898	185 1/2	186 1/2	184 1/2	185 1/2
Feb. 1898	186 1/2	187 1/2	185 1/2	186 1/2
Mar. 1898	187 1/2	188 1/2	186 1/2	187 1/2
Apr. 1898	188 1/2	189 1/2	187 1/2	188 1/2
May 1898	189 1/2	190 1/2	188 1/2	189 1/2
June 1898	190 1/2	191 1/2	189 1/2	190 1/2
July 1898	191 1/2	192 1/2	190 1/2	191 1/2
Aug. 1898	192 1/2	193 1/2	191 1/2	192 1/2
Sept. 1898	193 1/2	194 1/2	192 1/2	193 1/2
Oct. 1898	194 1/2	195 1/2	193 1/2	194 1/2
Nov. 1898	195 1/2	196 1/2	194 1/2	195 1/2
Dec. 1898	196 1/2	197 1/2	195 1/2	196 1/2
Jan. 1899	197 1/2	198 1/2	196 1/2	197 1/2
Feb. 1899	198 1/2	199 1/2	197 1/2	198 1/2
Mar. 1899	199 1/2	200 1/2	198 1/2	199 1/2
Apr. 1899	200 1/2	201 1/2	199 1/2	200 1/2
May 1899	201 1/2	202 1/2	200 1/2	201 1/2
June 1899	202 1/2	203 1/2	201 1/2	202 1/2
July 1899	203 1/2	204 1/2	202 1/2	203 1/2
Aug. 1899	204 1/2	205 1/2	203 1/2	204 1/2
Sept. 1899	205 1/2	206 1/2	204 1/2	205 1/2
Oct. 1899	206 1/2	207 1/2	205 1/2	206 1/2
Nov. 1899	207 1/2	208 1/2	206 1/2	207 1/2
Dec. 1899	208 1/2	209 1/2	207 1/2	208 1/2
Jan. 1900	209 1/2	210 1/2	208 1/2	209 1/2
Feb. 1900	210 1/2	211 1/2	209 1/2	210 1/2
Mar. 1900	211 1/2	212 1/2	210 1/2	211 1/2
Apr. 1900	212 1/2	213 1/2	211 1/2	212 1/2
May 1900	213 1/2	214 1/2	212 1/2	213 1/2
June 1900	214 1/2	215 1/2	213 1/2	214 1/2
July 1900	215 1/2	216 1/2	214 1/2	215 1/2
Aug. 1900	216 1/2	217 1/2	215 1/2	216 1/2
Sept. 1900	217 1/2	218 1/2	216 1/2	217 1/2
Oct. 1900	218 1/2	219 1/2	217 1/2	218 1/2
Nov. 1900	219 1/2	220 1/2	218 1/2	219 1/2
Dec. 1900	220 1/2	221 1/2	219 1/2	220 1/2
Jan. 1901	221 1/2	222 1/2	220 1/2	221 1/2
Feb. 1901	222 1/2	223 1/2	221 1/2	222 1/2
Mar. 1901	223 1/2	224 1/2	222 1/2	223 1/2
Apr. 1901	224 1/2	225 1/2	223 1/2	224 1/2
May 1901	225 1/2	226 1/2	224 1/2	225 1/2
June 1901	226 1/2	227 1/2	225 1/2	226 1/2
July 1901	227 1/2	228 1/2	226 1/2	227 1/2
Aug. 1901	228 1/2	229 1/2	227 1/2	228 1/2
Sept. 1901	229 1/2	230 1/2	228 1/2	229 1/2
Oct. 1901	230 1/2	231 1/2	229 1/2	230 1/2
Nov. 1901	231 1/2	232 1/2	230 1/2	231 1/2
Dec. 1901	232 1/2	233 1/2	231 1/2	232 1/2
Jan. 1902	233 1/2	234 1/2	232 1/2	233 1/2
Feb. 1902	234 1/2	235 1/2	233 1/2	234 1/2
Mar. 1902	235 1/2	236 1/2	234 1/2	235 1/2
Apr. 1902	236 1/2	237 1/2	235 1/2	236 1/2
May 1902	237 1/2	238 1/2	236 1/2	237 1/2
June 1902	238 1/2	239 1/2	237 1/2	238 1/2
July 1902	239 1/2	240 1/2	238 1/2	239 1/2
Aug. 1902	240 1/2	241 1/2	239 1/2	240 1/2
Sept. 1902	241 1/2	242 1/2	240 1/2	241 1/2
Oct. 1902	242 1/2	243 1/2	241 1/2	242 1/2
Nov. 1902	243 1/2	244 1/2	242 1/2	243 1/2
Dec. 1902	244 1/2	245 1/2	243 1/2	244 1/2
Jan. 1903	245 1/2	246 1/2	244 1/2	245 1/2
Feb. 1903	246 1/2	247 1/2	245 1/2	246 1/2
Mar. 1903	247 1/2	248 1/2	246 1/2	247 1/2
Apr. 1903	248 1/2	249 1/2	247 1/2	248 1/2
May 1903	249 1/2	250 1/2	248 1/2	249 1/2
June 1903	250 1/2	251 1/2	249 1/2	250 1/2
July 1903	251 1/2	252 1/2	250 1/2	251 1/2
Aug. 1903	252 1/2	253 1/2	251 1/2	252 1/2
Sept. 1903	253 1/2	254 1/2	252 1/2	253 1/2
Oct. 1903	254 1/2	255 1/2	253 1/2	254 1/2
Nov. 1903	255 1/2	256 1/2	254 1/2	255 1/2
Dec. 1903	256 1/2	257 1/2	255 1/2	256 1/2
Jan. 1904	257 1/2	258 1/2	256 1/2	257 1/2
Feb. 1904	258 1/2	259 1/2	257 1/2	258 1/2
Mar. 1904	259 1/2	260 1/2	258 1/2	259 1/2
Apr. 1904	260 1/2	261 1/2	259 1/2	260 1/2
May 1904	261 1/2	262 1/2	260 1/2	261 1/2
June 1904	262 1/2	263 1/2	261 1/2	262 1/2
July 1904	263 1/2	264 1/2	262 1/2	263 1/2
Aug. 1904	264 1/2	265 1/2	263 1/2	264 1/2
Sept. 1904	265 1/2	266 1/2	264 1/2	265 1/2
Oct. 1904	266 1/2	267 1/2	265 1/2	266 1/2
Nov. 1904	267 1/2	268 1/2	266 1/2	267 1/2
Dec. 1904	268 1/2	269 1/2	267 1/2	268 1/2
Jan. 1905	269 1/2	270 1/2	268 1/2	269 1/2
Feb. 1905	270 1/2	271 1/2	269 1/2	270 1/2
Mar. 1905	271 1/2	272 1/2	270 1/2	271 1/2
Apr. 1905	272 1/2	273 1/2	271 1/2	272 1/2
May 1905	273 1/2	274 1/2	272 1/2	273 1/2
June 1905	274 1/2	275 1/2	273 1/2	274 1/2
July 1905	275 1/2	276 1/2	274 1/2	275 1/2
Aug. 1905	276 1/2	277 1/2	275 1/2	276 1/2
Sept. 1905	277 1/2	278 1/2	276 1/2	277 1/2
Oct. 1905	278 1/2	279 1/2	277 1/2	278 1/2
Nov. 1905	279 1/2	280 1/2	278 1/2	279 1/2
Dec. 1905	280 1/2	281 1/2	279 1/2	280 1/2
Jan. 1906	281 1/2	282 1/2	280 1/2	281 1/2
Feb. 1906	282 1/2	283 1/2	281 1/2	282 1/2
Mar. 1906	283 1/2	284 1/2	282 1/2	2

Baking Powder

